

since Mar. 31, 1959; totals for training schools and provincial adult institutions have shown a tendency to level off or decline slightly but penitentiary population has increased steadily.

23.—Population in Penitentiaries, Years Ended Mar. 31, 1959-63

Item	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
In custody at beginning of year	5,770	6,295	6,344	6,738	7,156
Received during year.....	3,918	4,523	4,973	5,541	6,539
Discharged during year.....	3,393	4,474	4,579	5,123	6,476
In custody at end of year.....	6,295	6,344	6,738	7,156	7,219

24.—Populations in Reformatories and Gaols and in Training Schools, as at Mar. 31, 1959-63

Type of Institution	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Reformatories and Gaols—					
Reformatories for men.....	3,806	3,769	4,012	3,670	3,919
Reformatories for women.....	172	144	180	171	171
Common gaols	7,188	6,983	7,629	8,225	8,665
Totals, Reformatories and Gaols.....	11,166	10,896	11,821	12,066	12,755
Training Schools—					
Training schools for boys.....	2,343	2,423	2,382	2,435	2,466
Training schools for girls.....	990	965	1,019	1,090	1,072
Totals, Training Schools.....	3,333	3,388	3,401	3,525	3,538

Subsection 2.—The Canadian Penitentiary Service*

The penitentiaries of Canada are administered by the Commissioner of Penitentiaries, responsible directly to the Minister of Justice. In the year ended Mar. 31, 1965, the federal penitentiary system consisted of six maximum security, four medium security and fifteen minimum security institutions, all for males; one prison for women; one maximum security prison camp for males of the Freedomite Doukhobor Sect; and two Correctional Staff Colleges.

The six maximum security institutions receive inmates sentenced by the courts to imprisonment for terms of from two years to life. These are located at New Westminster, B.C., Prince Albert, Sask., Stony Mountain, Man., Kingston, Ont., St. Vincent de Paul, Que., and Dorchester, N.B. Persons sentenced to penitentiary terms in Newfoundland are held in the provincially operated institution at St. John's, under financial arrangements authorized by Sect. 14 of the Penitentiary Act (SC 1960-61, c. 53).

The medium and minimum security institutions and the camps receive inmates transferred from the maximum security (receiving) institutions on the basis of their suitability for special forms of training, including vocational training. Of the medium security institutions, two—Collin's Bay Penitentiary and the Joyceville Institution—are within a few miles of Kingston. The other two—the Federal Training Centre and the Leclerc Institution—are close to St. Vincent de Paul.

Eight minimum security correctional camps are operated as extensions of a main institution in their respective areas. These are located at William Head and Agassiz, B.C.;

*Prepared under the direction of A. J. MacLeod, Commissioner of Penitentiaries, Ottawa.